YOUR CHILD'S SPEECH AND HEARING

Hearing and Understanding	Child's Age	Talking
Does your child recognize words for common items like "cup," "shoe," "juice"? Has your child begun to respond to requests ("Come here," "Want more?")?	7 MONTHS-1 YEAR	Does your child have 1 or 2 words (bye-bye, dada, mama, no) although they may not be clear?
Does your child enjoy games like peek-a-boo and pat-a-cake? Does your child turn or look up when you call his or her name? Does your child listen when spoken to?		Does your child's babbling have both long and short groups of sounds such as "tata upup bibibibi"? Does your child imitate different speech sounds? Does your child use speech or non-crying sounds to get and keep your attention?
Does your child respond to "no"? Changes in your tone of voice? Does your child look around for the source of new sounds, e.g., the doorbell, vacuum, dog barking? Does your child notice toys that make sound?	4-6 MONTHS	Does your child's babbling sound more speech-like with lots of different sounds, including p, b, and m? Does your child tell you (by sound or gesture) when he/she wants you to do something again? Does your child make gurgling sounds when left alone? When playing with you?
Does your child turn to you when you speak? Does your child smile when spoken to? Does your child seem to recognize your voice and quiet down if crying?	0-3 MONTHS	Does your child repeat the same sounds a lot (cooing, gooing)? Does your child cry differently for different needs? Does your child smile when he/she sees you?
Does your child listen to speech? Does your child startle or cry at noises? Does your child awaken at loud sounds?	BIRTH	Does your child make pleasure sounds? When you play with your child, does he/she look at you, look away, & then look again?
Total		Total

Reminders

For good speech, language and hearing...

- Talk naturally to your child. Talk about what you are doing, what you see, what your child is doing, and what your child sees.
- Take time to listen to your child. Respond to what is said so your child knows you have been listening.

- Don't push your child to learn to talk. Accept some speech mistakes as your child develops. Don't ask your child to slow down and repeat.
- Have your child's hearing tested if you find you have to repeat a lot or have to talk loudly to get your child's attention.
- Seek professional help if you're unsure. Never wait to get help for your child if you suspect a problem. You know more about your child than anyone.